The Benefits of Medicare.

A useful guide that helps you understand Medicare and your Federal Health Plan.
Double Coverage, Double Protection.

Whether you are looking forward to retiring, traveling or perhaps welcoming a grandchild into your family, your 65th birthday marks a very special time in your life.

As you begin to transition, we want to help you discover how the Compass Rose Health Plan and Medicare work together. Our goal is to protect you from high out-of-pocket health care expenses.

We provide information to alleviate any uncertainties and stress you may have, so you can enjoy what matters to you most.

What is Medicare?

On July 30, 1965, the Medicare Program was signed into law by President Lyndon B. Johnson—extending health care coverage to almost all Americans 65 years of age or older.

On July 1, 1966, Medicare was officially implemented and more than 19 million individuals enrolled in the Program. According to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), Medicare provided health care coverage to over 48 million Americans in 2010. By 2030, enrollment is expected to reach 80 million.

Medicare is the United States health insurance program for the following people that are:

- 65 years of age or older
- Under 65 with certain disabilities
- Of any age diagnosed with End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) [permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant]

Medicare has four (4) parts:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Medicare Part A</th>
<th>Hospital Insurance</th>
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<td>Medicare Part B</td>
<td>Medical Insurance</td>
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<td>Medicare Part C</td>
<td>Advantage Plans</td>
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<tr>
<td>Medicare Part D</td>
<td>Prescription Drug Program</td>
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You are not required to enroll in Medicare. If you choose to enroll, it is your choice to pick which part(s) to take.
Medicare Part A: Hospital Insurance

Most people are not responsible for paying Part A premiums because they paid Medicare taxes while working. If you or your spouse worked for at least 10 years (40 quarters) in a Medicare-covered employment, you are entitled to “premium-free Part A” insurance.

Medicare Part A helps pay for the following:
- Inpatient hospital care
- Critical access hospitals
- Skilled nursing facility care
- Hospice care
- Some home health care

Medicare Part B: Medical Insurance

If you choose to enroll in Part B, premiums are generally withdrawn monthly from your Social Security check or your retirement check. Depending on your income, you may be required to pay a higher premium.

Medicare Part B helps pay for medically necessary services like:
- Doctors’ services
- Ambulance services
- Outpatient hospital care and services
- X-rays and laboratory tests
- Some home health care
- Durable medical equipment and supplies
- Selected preventive care services

If you choose not to enroll in Part B when you first become eligible, you may be charged a Part B late enrollment penalty, resulting in a 10% increase in premium(s) for every 12 months you are not enrolled. You will pay the extra 10% for as long as you have Part B.

If you choose NOT to enroll in Part B when you become eligible, you may incur a penalty if you choose to enroll at a later date.
Medicare Part C: Advantage Plans

Part C Advantage Plans are private health care choices (HMOs and regional PPOs) in selective areas of the country. In some instances, it may be advantageous to suspend your FEHB coverage if you enroll in Part C. For more information regarding Medicare Part C Advantage Plans, please contact a Medicare Representative at (800) 633-4227.

Medicare Part D: Prescription Drug Program

Part D helps cover the cost of prescription drugs.

The Office of Personnel Management (OPM) has determined that the Compass Rose Health Plan’s prescription drug coverage is, on average, expected to pay as much as the standard Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage for all plan participants.

Therefore, enrolling in Part D is an unnecessary expense if you are already covered under the Compass Rose Health Plan.

MEDICARE TIP
Remember to notify us of your Medicare Number so we can receive your claims directly from Medicare.
Compass Rose Health Plan and Medicare

Being enrolled in Medicare and the Compass Rose Health Plan can help significantly decrease your out-of-pocket health care expenses. Even though enrolling in Medicare is not required, there are some definite advantages to having both Medicare and the Compass Rose Health Plan.

Unlike the Compass Rose Health Plan, Medicare Part A and Part B do NOT cover:

- Most prescription drugs
- Deductibles, coinsurance or copayments when you receive health care services
- Routine yearly physical exams (Medicare only covers your first year’s physical)
- Hearing aids*
- Some vaccinations
- Health care services outside of the U.S.

*The Compass Rose Health Plan covers up to $1,200 for one hearing aid per ear every five years.

The Original Medicare Plan: Part A and B

Because Medicare benefits are limited, we recommend you look at how both plans can work together. Below is a list of covered benefits available when you enroll in both Medicare Part A and Part B and the Compass Rose Health Plan.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inpatient Hospital Care Expenses</th>
<th>Compass Rose waives hospital copayments and coinsurance.</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Outpatient Provider Expenses</td>
<td>Compass Rose waives calendar year deductibles, copayments and coinsurance for medical services and supplies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pharmacy</td>
<td>Compass Rose offers prescription drug copayments at a reduced rate for 90-day Home Delivery or 30-day Retail pharmacies using Express Scripts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Network of Physicians and Hospitals</td>
<td>Once you are enrolled in Part B, you have the freedom to be seen by ANY participating Medicare provider WITHOUT penalty (whether PPO or non-PPO). You can verify that your providers are Medicare participating physicians by visiting <a href="http://www.compassrosebenefits.com/Medicare">www.compassrosebenefits.com/Medicare</a>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Covered Services</td>
<td>Diabetes testing supplies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Respiratory supplies</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Immunosuppressive medications</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Oral anti-cancer medications</td>
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Frequently Asked Questions

Do I have to enroll in Medicare when I turn age 65?

No, you are not required to enroll in Medicare; however, if you would like to receive Medicare benefits upon turning age 65, you can sign up by:

- Applying online through the Social Security Administration
- Visiting your local Social Security Office
- Calling Social Security toll-free at (800) 772-1213 // TTY: (800) 325-0778

How is Medicare financed?

Medicare is financed by a portion of the payroll taxes paid by workers and their employers. It is also financed in part by the participant’s monthly Medicare premiums.

When do I become eligible to enroll in Medicare?

When you turn age 65, you have a 7-month Initial Enrollment Period to enroll in Medicare Part A and/or Part B. The 7-month period begins 3 months before the month you turn age 65, includes the month you turn age 65, and ends 3 months after the month you turn age 65.

If you choose to enroll in Medicare Part A and/or Part B during the first 3 months of your Initial Enrollment Period, your coverage becomes effective the 1st day of your birthday month, unless your 65th birthday is on the 1st day of the month, which then your coverage begins the 1st day of the month prior.

If you enroll in Medicare Part A and/or Part B the month you turn 65 or during the last 3 months of your Initial Enrollment Period, your start date will be delayed.

Sign up early to avoid a delay in coverage!!

**Sign up table:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3 months before</th>
<th>2 months before</th>
<th>1 month before</th>
<th>Your 65th birthday month!</th>
<th>1 month after</th>
<th>2 months after</th>
<th>3 months after</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

To get Part A and/or Part B the month you turn 65, you must sign up during the 3 months BEFORE the month you turn 65.

Your coverage will be delayed if you wait until the last 4 months of your Initial Enrollment Period to sign up for Part A and/or Part B.
Since I have FEHB coverage, do I need Medicare Part B?

It is your decision whether to enroll in Medicare Part B. However, there are definitely advantages to having both plans. Please refer to page 5 for a listing of the most commonly covered benefits available to Compass Rose Health Plan and Medicare participants.

Will my Compass Rose premiums be reduced if I choose to enroll in Medicare?

No, your premiums will not be reduced. Medicare participants will pay the same premiums as non-Medicare participants.

When is Compass Rose the primary payer?

If either you or your covered spouse has Medicare but you are an active Federal employee, the Compass Rose Health Plan will remain your primary health insurance.

When is Medicare the primary payer?

Once you retire from the Federal government, Medicare will become your primary health insurance. As long as you are seen by a participating Medicare provider, Medicare is typically required to pay 80% of each claim and your health plan is typically responsible for paying the remaining 20%.

There are exceptions to these general rules when determining whether the Compass Rose Health Plan or Medicare is your primary payer. Please refer to the Medicare Section in your Health Plan Benefits Brochure for an all-inclusive list of primary payer guidelines.

How do I file a claim with Medicare and Compass Rose?

If Compass Rose Health Plan is your primary health insurance, your in-network provider will submit your claim(s) to us first. After paying benefits on your claim, we will send you an Explanation of Benefits (EOB). Please send the EOB and copies of all related bills to Medicare for processing.

If Medicare is your primary health insurance, your provider will submit your claims directly to Medicare. In most cases, your claims will be coordinated automatically and we will provide secondary benefits for covered charges.

It is YOUR responsibility to notify Compass Rose Health Plan of your enrollment in Medicare.
Helpful Resources

Medicare
Toll-Free: (800) 633-4227
TTY: (877) 486-2048
www.medicare.gov

Office of Personnel Management (OPM)
Toll-Free: (888) 767-6738
www.opm.gov/insure

Social Security Administration
Toll-Free: (800) 772-1213
TTY: (800) 325-0778
www.socialsecurity.gov

Compass Rose Health Plan
Administrative Office: (866) 368-7227
Claims Department: (888) 438-9135
www.compassrosebenefits.com

Terms You Should Know

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Coinsurance</td>
<td>A percentage of the covered charge that is your responsibility.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copayment</td>
<td>A fixed dollar amount you pay for a covered service.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Deductible</td>
<td>The amount you have to pay before Medicare and Compass Rose will start paying benefits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Premium</td>
<td>The amount you pay biweekly or monthly for insurance coverage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary Payer</td>
<td>When coordinating benefits, the health plan that pays benefits first for a claim or medical care.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary Payer</td>
<td>When coordinating benefits, the health plan that pays benefits after the primary payer has paid its full benefits.</td>
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